

СИМЕТРИЧНА ПОТКЛОНАВА СНАГЕ У КЛАСИ А
КАКВА ЈЕ ЗАПРОВО РАДНА ПРАВА?

- ПРАВА СИГУРНО ПУЏЕ; КОЛИКО ЈЕ КРИВА?

- ПРЕТПОСТАВКЕ:

$$\hat{i}_{c1} = I_{cQ} e^{\frac{m v_{in}}{v_T}}$$

$$\hat{i}_{c2} = I_{cQ} e^{-\frac{m v_{in}}{v_T}}$$

← СЛОБАН МОДЕЛ
ТРАНЗИСТОРА ЗА
ДЕ БИЧЕС ϕ ;
ПОСТАВЉАЈЕ СЕ!

- ИЗ ПРЕТХОДНЕ АНАЛИЗЕ (ТЕК) - - -

$$v_{CE1} = V_{CC} - \frac{v_{out}}{n}$$

$$v_{CE2} = V_{CC} + \frac{v_{out}}{n}$$

$$\frac{v_{out}}{n} = \frac{R}{n} i_{out} = \frac{R}{n^2} (i_{c1} - i_{c2})$$

$$v_{CE1} = V_{CC} - \frac{R}{n^2} (i_{c1} - i_{c2})$$

$$v_{CE2} = V_{CC} + \frac{R}{n^2} (i_{c1} - i_{c2})$$

$$V_{CE1} = V_{CC} - \frac{R}{n^2} (I_{CQ} e^{\frac{mV_{IN}}{V_T}} - I_{CQ} e^{-\frac{mV_{IN}}{V_T}})$$

$$V_{CE1} = V_{CC} - \frac{R}{n^2} I_{CQ} (e^{\frac{mV_{IN}}{V_T}} - e^{-\frac{mV_{IN}}{V_T}})$$

$$V_{CE2} = V_{CC} + \frac{R}{n^2} (I_{CQ} e^{\frac{mV_{IN}}{V_T}} - I_{CQ} e^{-\frac{mV_{IN}}{V_T}})$$

$$V_{CE2} = V_{CC} + \frac{R}{n^2} I_{CQ} (e^{\frac{mV_{IN}}{V_T}} - e^{-\frac{mV_{IN}}{V_T}})$$

$$e^{\frac{mV_{IN}}{V_T}} = \frac{r_{C1}}{I_{CQ}} = \frac{I_{CQ}}{r_{C2}}$$

$$e^{-\frac{mV_{IN}}{V_T}} = \frac{r_{C2}}{I_{CQ}} = \frac{I_{CQ}}{r_{C1}}$$

ADDITION, $r_{C1} + r_{C2} = 2I_{CQ}$, BETW r_{C1}

$$r_{C1} \cdot r_{C2} = I_{CQ}^2$$

А САДА, ДА ЕЛИМИНИРУЕМО σ_{11}

$$V_{CE1} = V_{CC} - \frac{R}{n_2} I_{Ca} \left(\frac{\hat{r}_{c1}}{I_{Ca}} - \frac{I_{Ca}}{\hat{r}_{c1}} \right)$$

↑ ПРОБЛЕМ КАК $\hat{r}_{c1} \rightarrow 0$; МОДЕЛ!

$$V_{CE2} = V_{CC} + \frac{R}{n_2} I_{Ca} \left(\frac{I_{Ca}}{\hat{r}_{c2}} - \frac{\hat{r}_{c2}}{I_{Ca}} \right)$$

$$V_{CE2} = V_{CC} - \frac{R}{n_2} I_{Ca} \left(\frac{\hat{r}_{c2}}{I_{Ca}} - \frac{I_{Ca}}{\hat{r}_{c2}} \right)$$

↑ ПРОБЛЕМ КАК $\hat{r}_{c2} \rightarrow 0$; МОДЕЛ!

ОБОО СД РАДЖЕ ПРАВЕ; ТУСД ПРАВЕ, КРИВЕ СД!

ЛИНЕАРИЗАЦИЯ?

НЕЛИНЕАРНИ ДЕО ДЕ $\frac{I_{Ca}}{\hat{r}_{c2}}$; РАЗБИТИ

ОСЛОМКА ПРАВЕ $\hat{r}_{c2} = I_{Ca}$!

$$\frac{1}{x} \approx 1 - (x-1) + \dots$$

$$\frac{1}{x} \approx 2 - x$$

$$\frac{I_{Ca}}{\hat{r}_{c2}} \approx 2 - \frac{\hat{r}_{c2}}{I_{Ca}}$$

— АУТЕНТИКАЦИЯ "РАДНОУ НАБЛ" —

$$V_{CE1} \approx V_{CC} - \frac{R}{n^2} I_{Ca} \left(\frac{I_{C1}}{I_{Ca}} - 2 + \frac{I_{C1}}{I_{Ca}} \right)$$

$$V_{CE1} \approx V_{CC} + \frac{2R I_{Ca}}{n^2} - \frac{2R}{n^2} I_{C1}$$

↑ ПОЗНАТО ?

$$V_{CE2} \approx V_{CC} - \frac{R}{n^2} I_{Ca} \left(\frac{I_{C2}}{I_{Ca}} - 2 + \frac{I_{C2}}{I_{Ca}} \right)$$

$$V_{CE2} \approx V_{CC} + \frac{2R I_{Ca}}{n^2} - \frac{2R}{n^2} I_{C2}$$

↑ ПОЗНАТО ?

ДАНОЕ ДЕ СБЕ УСТО

$$\frac{2R I_{Ca}}{n^2_{OPT}} = V_{CC}$$

$$n_{OPT} = \sqrt{\frac{2R I_{Ca}}{V_{CC}}}$$

$$\frac{2R}{2n_{OPT}} = \frac{V_{CC}}{I_{CA}}$$

$$V_{CE1} \approx V_{CC} + V_{CC} - \frac{V_{CC}}{I_{CA}} I_{C1}$$

$$V_{CE1} \approx V_{CC} \left(2 - \frac{I_{C1}}{I_{CA}} \right)$$

←
 АХТЕНА ПУЗОВАТИ!

$$V_{CE2} \approx V_{CC} \left(2 - \frac{I_{C2}}{I_{CA}} \right)$$

$$\frac{2I_{CA}}{2n_{OPT}} = \frac{V_{CC}}{2}$$

$$V_{CE1} = V_{CC} \left(1 - \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{I_{C1}}{I_{CA}} - \frac{I_{CA}}{I_{C1}} \right) \right)$$

$$V_{CE2} = V_{CC} \left(1 - \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{I_{C2}}{I_{CA}} - \frac{I_{CA}}{I_{C2}} \right) \right)$$

$$m \triangleq \frac{V_{CE}}{V_{CC}}$$

$$\delta \triangleq \frac{I_C}{I_{CA}}$$

$$m \approx 2 - \delta$$

$$m = 1 - \frac{1}{2} \left(\delta - \frac{1}{\delta} \right)$$

